## 福岡県立高校入試問題に挑戦!

~ 未来への架け橋 ≪令和5年度版≫ ~



まずは自分で問題を解いてみましょう。その後、下の解説を読みましょう(問題の内容を学習する学年も示しています)。

わからない時は、の解決する際のポイントを参考にして再挑戦してみましょう!

### 問題 4 英文を聞いて、質問に答える問題

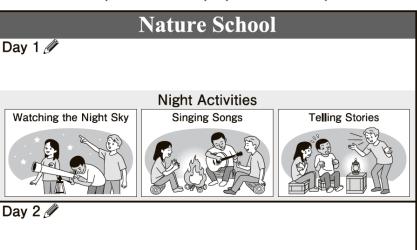
〈問 1 〉 オーストラリアに留学している恵子(Keiko)が、自然宿泊体験[Nature School] について資料を見ながら、先生から説明を受ける。それを聞いて、 $(1)\sim(3)$ の質問に答えよ。

難

(2) What can Keiko find while she is walking in the forest?

She can find some ( ) ( )

助動詞canは I 年生又 は 2 年生の学習内容で す。





難

〈問2〉英語の指示にしたがって答えよ。
※4語以上の英語で文を書け。

〈問2〉これから英語で質問と指示をします。その指示にしたがって4語以上の英語で文を書きなさい。なお、質問と指示を2回繰り返した後、記入の時間が約40秒あります。それでは始めます。

What do you want to ask the teachers about the night activities? Write one question.

不定詞want to~は I 年生又は2年生の学習内容です。

### 〈リスニング原稿〉

Hello, everyone. We will go to Green National Park for Nature School this weekend. I'll tell you about the plan.

It will start on Saturday. Please come to the school by 8:30 a.m. Our bus will leave the school at 9:00 a.m. and get to the park at about 11:00 a.m. After lunch, we will walk in the forest. Some old trees have been there for more than 500 years. You can find them while you are walking.

After dinner, you will have night activities. You can choose one of the three; Watching the Night Sky, Singing Songs, or Telling Stories. Teachers will support you in each activity.

On the second day, we will go around the lake in the next town to watch birds. There are beautiful birds that live only in East Australia. We'll come back to the school by 2:30 p.m.

Let's enjoy Nature School. If you have any questions, please ask us.

### 福岡県立高校入試問題の難しい問題にチャレンジしよう!【英語】①

次のように解きます。

ポイント 〈問 I 〉 (2 )の疑問文の疑問詞とキーワードに着目し、英文を聞きながら関係する 箇所【必要な情報】を重点的にメモをしよう。

- [1] (2)の疑問文の疑問詞とキーワードに着目しよう。→まず、必要な情報が何かを捉える。
  - (2) What can Keiko find while she is walking in the forest?
    - · 疑問詞: What
    - ・キーワード: can, find
      - while she is walking



- 何を見つけることができるのか
- 歩いている時に
- [2] 英文を聞きながら関係する箇所【必要な情報】を重点的にメモしよう。

〈キーワードと関係する箇所〉

After lunch, we will walk in the forest. Some

old trees have been there for more than 500

years. You can find them while you are walking.

あなた(→恵子)はそれらを見つけ ることができる

あなたが (→恵子) 歩いている時に



riangle 1回目に聞く時: $ext{them}$  「それら」を聞き取る。

 $\diamondsuit 2$ 回目に聞く時: them 「それら」が具体的に何を指すのかを前後の文から聞き取る。

(解答例) She can find some (old) (trees).

### 次のように解きます。

〈問2〉で話される英文の中のキーワードを聞き取り、図と関連付けて考えよう。

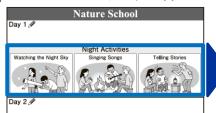
[1] 問2の英語の質問の中のキーワードを聞き取り、メモをしましょう。

Day 2

ポイント

what, ask, night activities, question

[2] キーワードと図の中に書かれている内容を関連付けて、英文を考えましょう。









Watching the Night Sky 夜の空を見ること

**Singing Songs** 歌を歌うこと

**Telling Stories** 物語を話すこと

質問する時は、5W1Hを使える かどうか考えてみましょう。

(解答例) What songs will we sing? What time do we start Night Activities?

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1	次の1~3の各組の対話が成り立つよう あてはまる最も適当なものを、それぞれ	
3	every day?  Ms. Beck: I run for 50 minutes every modern Kumi: Sounds hard. C  Ms. Beck: Yes. I feel good and can sleet Kumi: How can you keep doing it?	p well. something new when I run.
C Are there any good points about running for you?  I sit difficult for me to run every day? ウ Do you have any problems when you run? エ Do you want to stop running in the future?  Running is a good topic for my report. イ Running in the morning is boring for me. ウ I take different running courses every day. エ I feel tired after running in the morning.		
② 次の英文は、健太(Kenta)と佐希(Saki)が、ミラー先生(Ms. Miller)と会話をしている場面と、そのあとに健太と佐希が書いた手紙の一部である。これらを読んで、後の各問に答えよ。		
Ms. Miller: Kenta: Saki:	Hi, Kenta and Saki. What are you doing?  Hello, Ms. Miller. We are reading our town's newspaper.  ① This page shows ( what / people / events / it / have ) joined in our town. The number of people who take part in local events is decreasing.  There are many interesting events in our town. Everyone can join them. I go to some events to help	Hello. We are students of Midori junior high school. Do you know that [ ] in our town? We'll introduce one of them. Next month, our town will have <i>mochitsuki</i> at the Midori community center. <i>Mochitsuki</i> is a traditional Japanese event to make rice cakes. We look forward to meeting you at the community center. Let's make and eat delicious rice cakes together! We want to communicate with you in English! See you soon!
Ms. Miller:	the staff members at the community center every year.  Those events give me a chance to meet many people.  You're right. I went to a summer festival last year and became friends with people there. But I didn't know there were other events in this town.  Many people from other countries may not know that, either.	(注) decreasing
Kenta:  Ms. Miller: Saki:	② We should let ( know / at / newspapers / them / about ) written in several languages. They can get some information about local events from those newspapers.  That's good. What is the next event, Saki?  We will have <i>mochitsuki</i> at the community center next month. I'd like to become friends with people who speak different languages.	問2 英文中の には、次のア〜エのいずれかが入る。会話の内容から考えて、最も適当なものを、一つ選び、記号を書け。 ア take local people to the community center
Ms. Miller:	Sounds nice! I'm sure my friends in our town will be interested in the event.  They are English speakers.	1 tell us about some events in your country  'D' write a message in Japanese to our friends  I give our message about the event to your friends

Oh, I want to talk with them in English to become friends! Then,

why don't we write a message in English to tell them about mochitsuki?

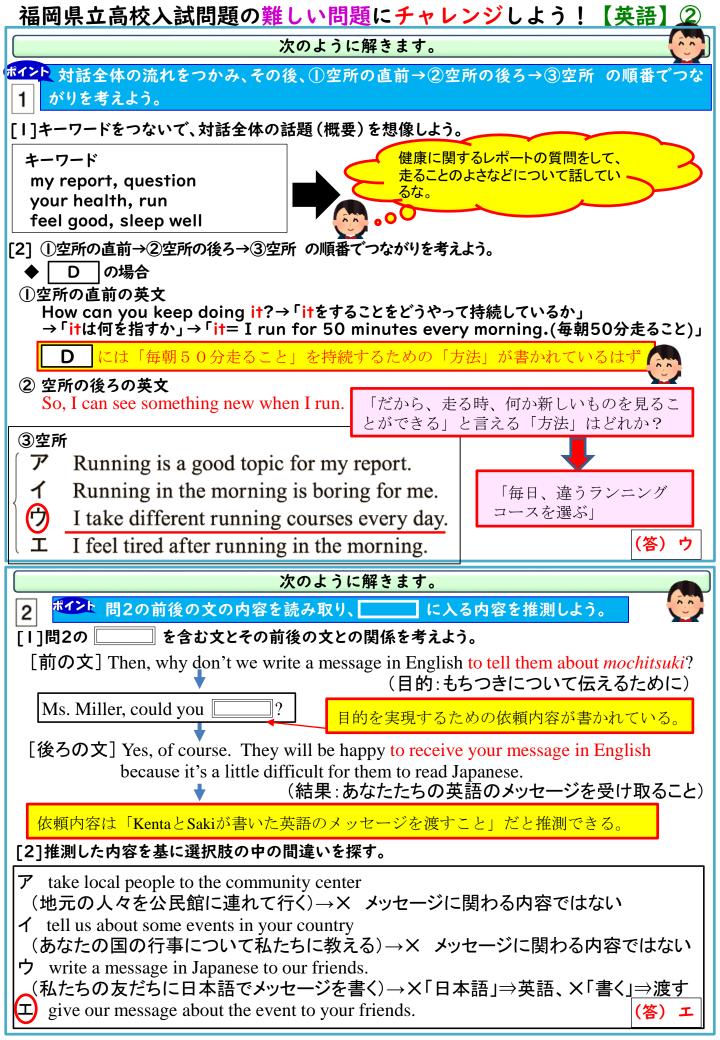
Ms. Miller: Yes, of course. They will be happy to receive your message in English

because it's a little difficult for them to read Japanese.

Ms. Miller, could you?

Kenta:

丁寧な依頼表現(could you~)は2年生の学習内容です。



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3 次の英文を読んで、後の各問いに答えよ。

Kana is a member of the English club in her high school. She often talks with Mr. Brown, an English teacher. He traveled around the world before coming to Japan. He often talks about his experiences in many countries. Kana enjoys listening to them in her club. She wants to do something related to foreign countries, but she hasn't decided what to do in the future. One day, she consulted with Mr. Brown. He said, "I have an American friend who works in many different countries. His name is Mark. He'll come to Japan soon. If you talk with him, you may get some ①clues from him."

Three days later, Mark visited Kana's school. Kana told him about her concerns. He said, "In my high school days, I didn't have any clear goals about my future. When I was a university student, I did volunteer work abroad. Then, I realized I liked teaching children. After graduation, I founded a company for giving an education to children around the world. We have some popular classes, like foreign languages, music, and art." Kana wanted to listen to him more. He told her that she could work as a volunteer member in his company. She was a little worried, but she decided to try it.

During her volunteer work, Kana made a plan for an English class with picture books. She taught small children English with Mark. It was a great experience for her. After the class, Kana asked Mark, "What makes you happy in your work?" He answered, "Many children improve their English through my classes. ② That is my driving force to work hard." Kana was impressed by his words.

Later at school, Kana talked with Mr. Brown. Kana said, "Mark took his first step by doing volunteer work and found his own career. He really enjoys his work now. I also want to find my own career." Mr. Brown said, "You've already taken one step forward!"

Kana has learned an important thing. People should try something even if they don't know what to do in the future. Now she is very interested in working in other countries, so she is going to study abroad. She will keep moving forward to find her own future goal.

 (注) related to ~ ……
 ~ に関係のある consulted with ~ …
 ~ に相談した volunteer … ボランティアの founded … 設立した was impressed … 感銘を受けた forward … 前方へ, 先へ
 ボランティアの driving force … 原動力 career … 生涯の仕事 even if ~ … たとえ~だとしても

問3 下線部②の具体的な内容を,英文中から探し,日本語で書け。



不定詞(形容詞的用法) to work 「~するための」は2年生の学習内容です。

4

あなたは、今年の夏、海外で1週間ホームステイをする予定である。 ホームステイ先の家族から、どこへ一緒に行きたいかメールでた ずねられた。あなたはどのような返事を書くか、行きたい場所を 次の三つから一つ選び、【条件】にしたがって書け。

- a supermarket
- an art museum
- the sea

### 【条件】

- 最初の文は, I want to go to \_\_\_\_\_\_. を用いること。解答用紙の \_\_\_\_\_\_ の中にある, 選んだ語句を丸で囲むこと。
- ・最初の文は語数に含めずに、選んだ理由とともに30語以上の英語で書くこと。



福岡県立高校入試問題の難しい問題にチャレンジしよう!【英語】

#### 次のように解きます。

ポイント 代名詞 (their, myなど) が何を指すかに着目して、前の文を読み取り、その具体的 3 内容を日本語で書こう。

[1]問3の下線部②を含む文を読み、Thatがどんな内容かを捉えよう。

2 That is my driving force my driving force to work hard to work hard.

一生懸命働くための原動力

[2]代名詞が何を指すかに着目して、前の文を読み取ろう。

[前の文] "Many children improve their English through my classes."

their 多くの子どもたちの

Mark∅ my

「一生懸命働くための原動力」として妥当なので、Thatの具体的な内容を示して いると判断できる。

[3]代名詞が何を指すかを具体的に示しながら、[前の文]を日本語で書こう。

(答) (例) 多くの子どもたちがマークの授業を通して英語を上達させること。

### 次のように解きます。

- ポイント「コミュニケーションを行う相手との関係性(状況)」を踏まえて、「何について(内
- 容)」「何のために(目的)」書くのかを問題文から読み取り、英文を書きましょう。 4
- 「I ] 「コミュニケーションを行う相手との関係性(状況)」を問題文から読み取りましょう。
- ○「コミュニケーションを行う相手との関係性(状況)」
- →今年の夏、海外で1週間ホームステイをする予定の家族
- [2]「何について(内容)」書くのかを問題文から読み取りましょう。
- ○「何について(内容)」
- →海外のホームステイ先で行きたい場所とその理由
- [3]「何のために(目的)」書くのかを問題文から読み取りましょう。
- ○「何のために(目的)」→ホームステイ先の家族にメールで返事をするため

(例)

- 1週間で、ホームステイ先のことを知りたいから、スーパーマーケットがいいかな。  $\rightarrow$  I want to go to a supermarket.
- スーパーマーケットには、きっと日本では見たことがない野菜があるはずだ。
  - → Supermarkets in your country have many vegetables I've never seen in Japan.
- ・知らない野菜のことを尋ねれば、その土地の食文化を学べるだろうな。
  - → I'd like to ask you about them and learn about your food culture.

(答) (例) I want to go to a supermarket / an art museum / the sea . I'm interested in unique food. Supermarkets in your country have many vegetables I've never seen in Japan. I'd like to ask you about them and learn about your food culture. (30語)

関係代名詞(目的格)which,thatの省略(~many vegetables [which,that]I've never seen in Japan.)は3年生の学習内容です。